

AOG

AUSTRALASIAN OIL & GAS
EXHIBITION & CONFERENCE
22-24 FEB 2017
PERTH CONVENTION EXHIBITION CENTRE

Commerce with, and innovation and implementation of new methods and technology in the global Oil and Gas Sector – is it possible for individuals and SMEs to dance with the proverbial 800 lb gorilla?

Moya Crawford

Deep Tek Limited/
Deep Tek AS



Innovation



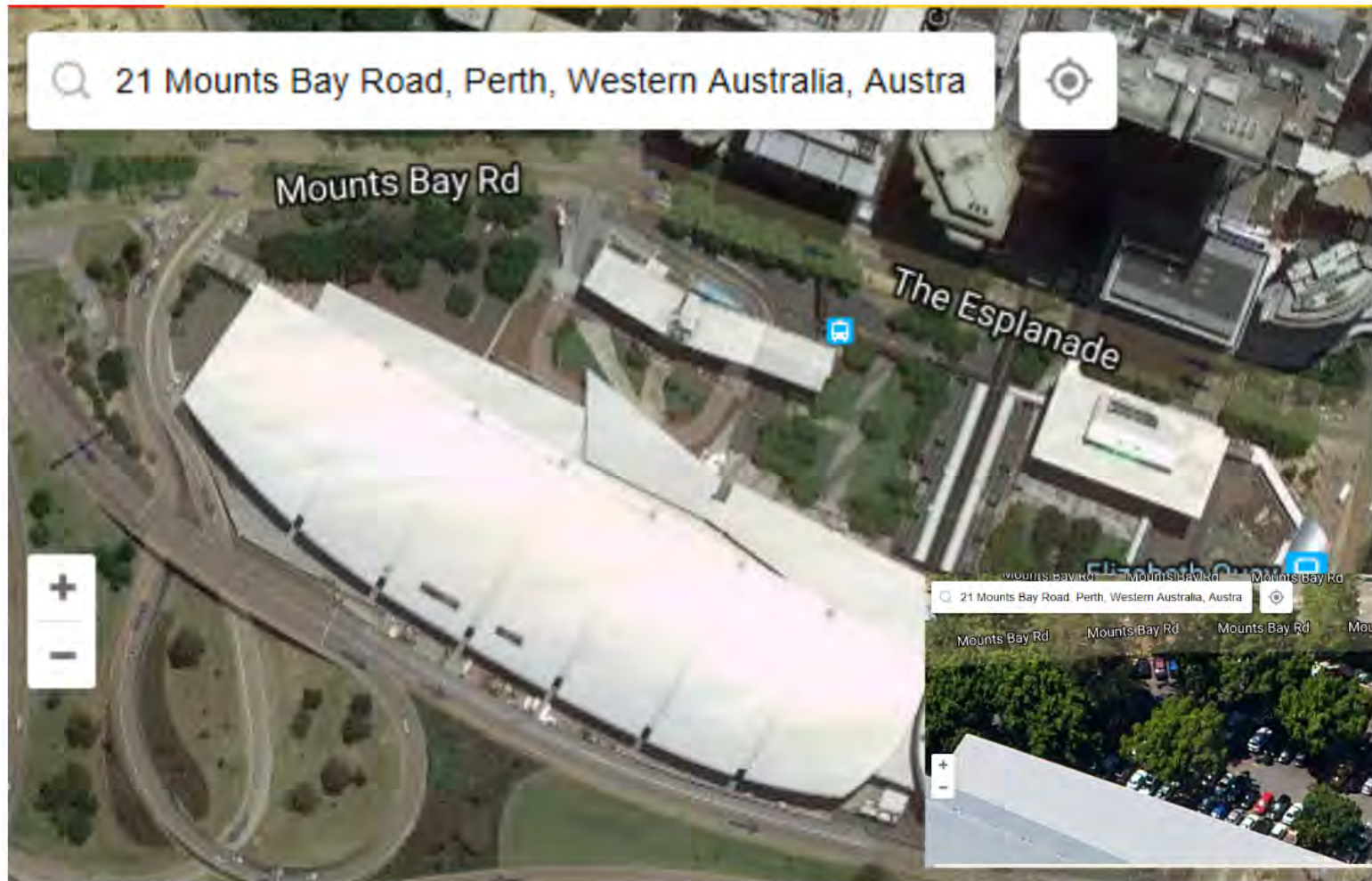
This Address is itself an innovation. This is the first time I have used Prezi. This is a risk - I could mess up badly, but in order to cover the breadth of issues it is essential to be able to zoom from the big strategic picture, down to the fine engineering and scientific detail and PowerPoint does not facilitate this .

Google Maps as an Analogue



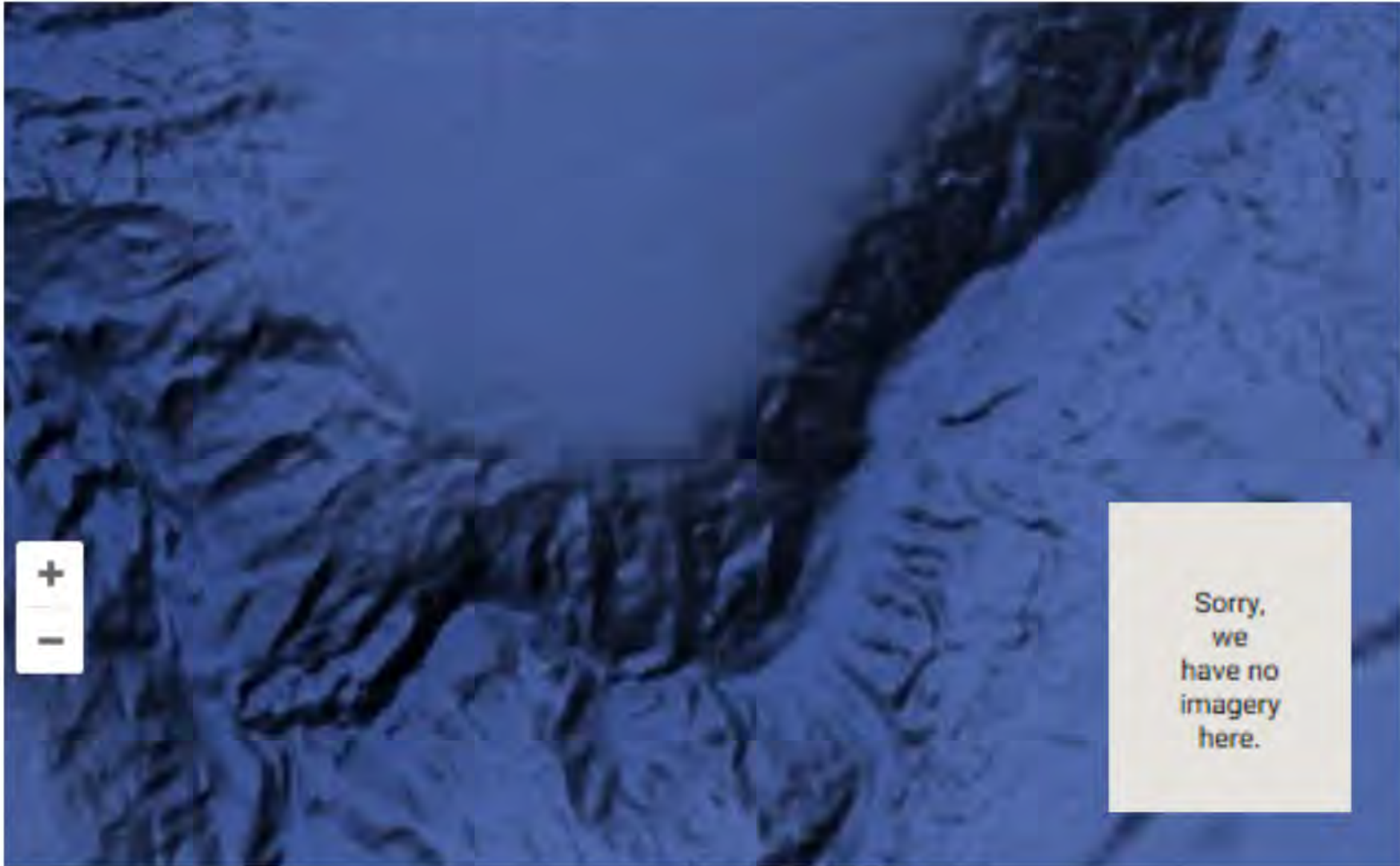
So, in order to communicate effectively, I also have to improve my competence and challenge myself. I also have to establish good reference points, in order to convince others that the benefits are worth it. Google Maps is a good analogue.

Effective Communication



We are zooming in, using a simple to use, but highly sophisticated tool to pin-point exactly where we are using a coordinate system. If anyone in the audience used their mobile phone, they would have exactly the same image with a time stamp - validation! So, we all now have a reliable and shared picture in our heads of where we all are, in real-time. This is a good metaphor for effective communication.

Subsea Challenges



But wait a minute, if we move just a little offshore to the west, suddenly our shared picture becomes blurry and when we zoom in - there is no detail at all. We have no shared picture...However, this is the dynamic, three-dimensional space in which we choose to operate our vessels and subsea infrastructure in order to extract hydrocarbons. We have a challenge on our hands!

United Nations SDGs



Even worse, spearheaded by United Nations and supported by all its member states, sustainable development are being added into the mix, and we need to be able to substantiate our responsibility in order to have a 'social licence to operate'. Did the 800lb gorilla that caricatures global oil and gas just get bigger?

Society for Underwater Technology



Salvage and Decommissioning

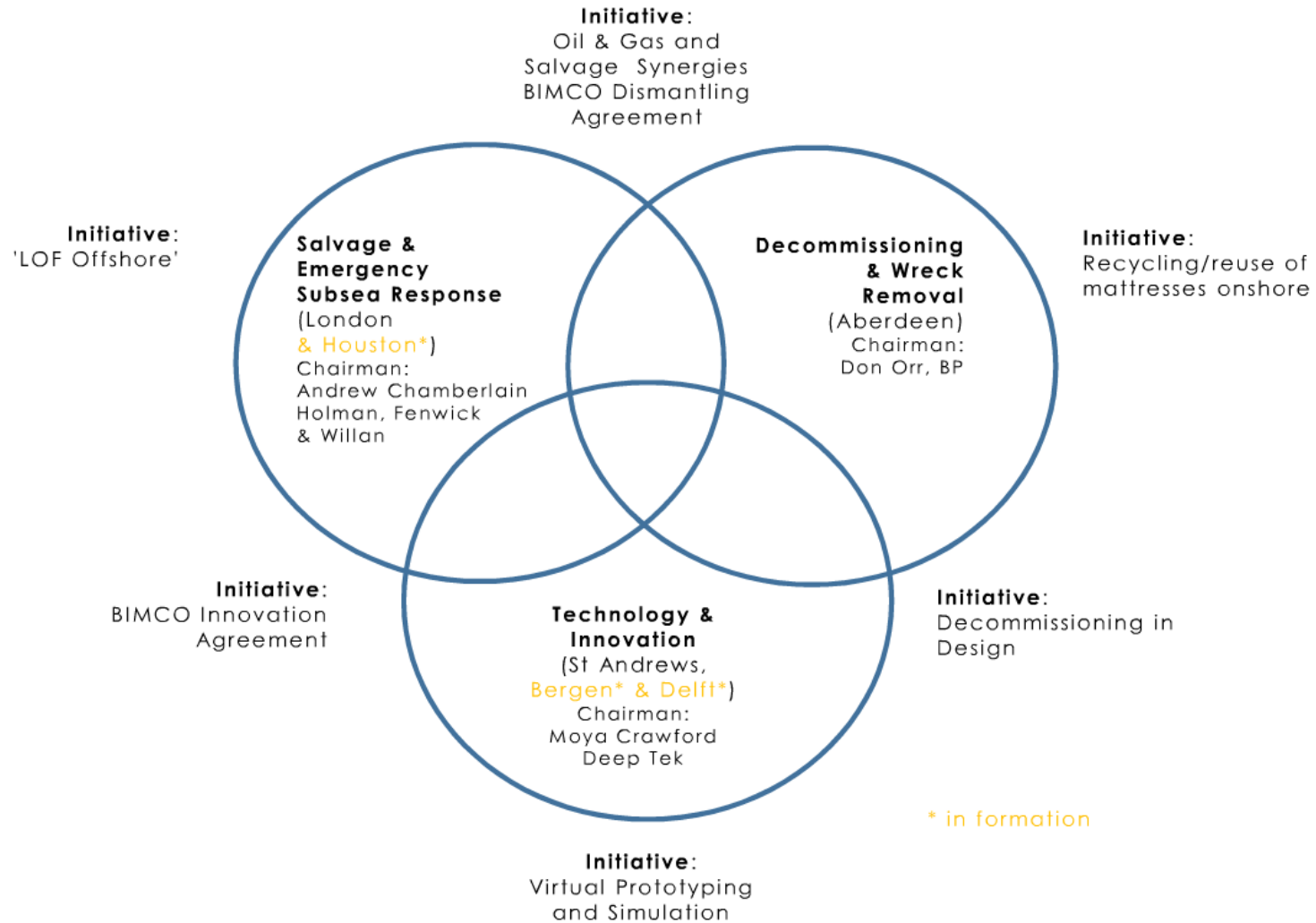


ORGANISATION

The International Salvage & Decommissioning Committee undertakes its activities using a structured agenda that focuses on three key themes: Life, Property and the Environment.

The answer is probably, yes, but this is the arena in which The Society for Underwater Technology, special interest Group, International Salvage & Decommissioning Committee has chosen to innovate! This Address explains how have gone about this undertaking.

International Salvage & Decommissioning Committee




all about people!

Composition:
Including, but not limited to:
Oil & Gas Operators, Salvors, Lawyers,
Insurers/P&I Clubs/ Marine
Scientists/Manufacturers/ MoD, DNV GL,
International Salvage Union, American
Salvage Association, Decom North Sea


Salvage - and why 'LOF Offshore' is an important initiative, as every second counts

"Thunder Horse" – mechanical failure - GoM 2005 




"Deepwater Horizon" – well blow out – GoM 2010 



"Kulluk" – aground - Alaska 2012 



"Troll Solution" – punch through – GoM 2015 



Challenges of Wreck Removal and parallels with Decommissioning

West Atlas, Australia (2009)



Industry Report:

'Gard News examines a serious gas well blowout, involving one of the largest jack-up drilling rigs in the world, from three different perspectives: that of the claims executive who handled the claim on behalf of Gard, that of the lawyers who had to navigate through a complete legal framework, and that of the wreck removal specialist who skilfully steered the process through a maze of regulatory and statutory challenges.'

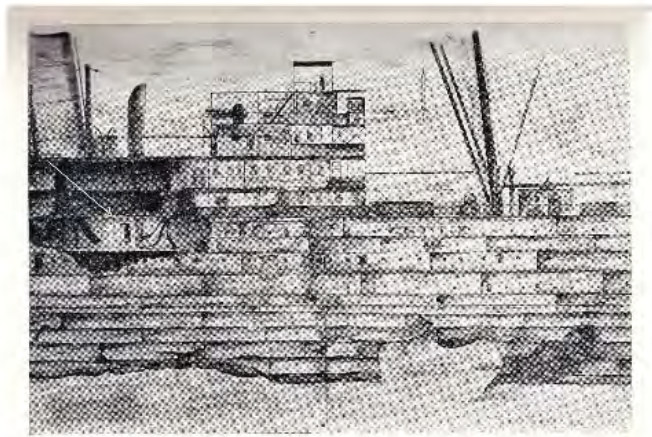
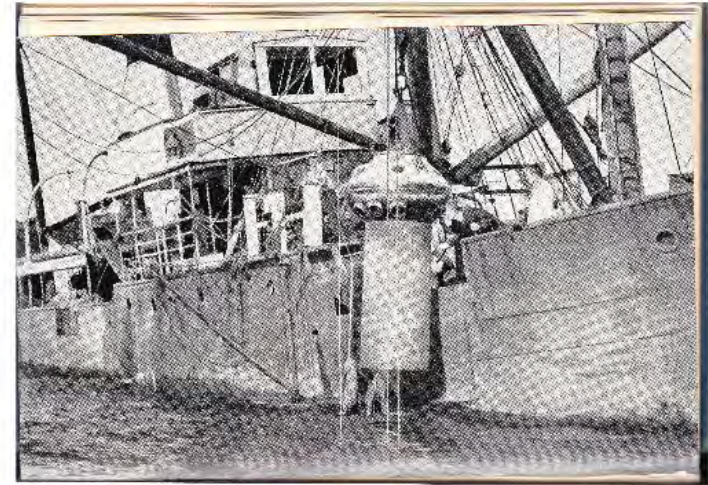
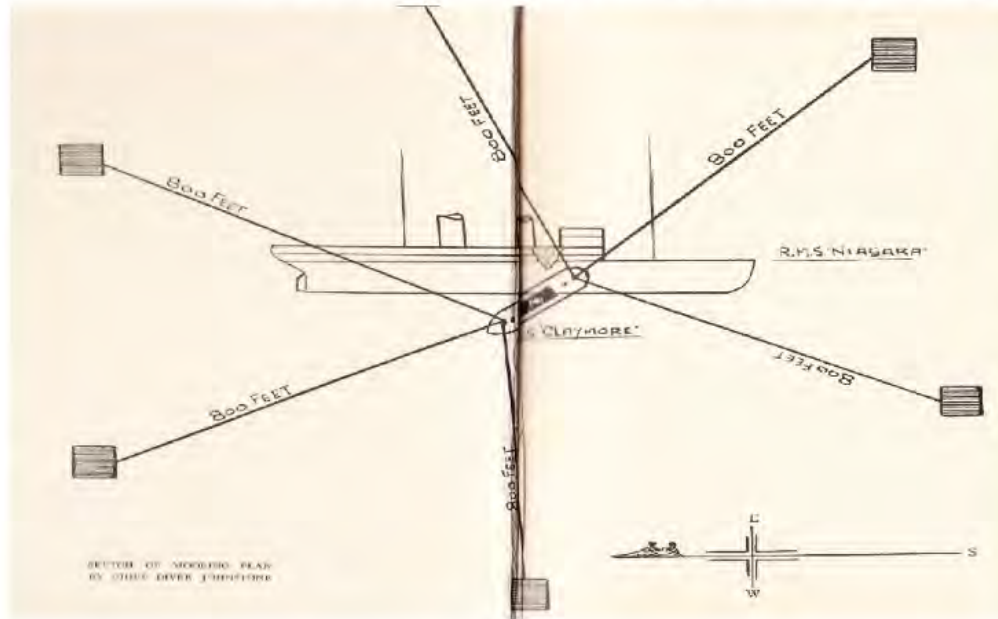
Costa Concordia, Italy (2012)



Rena, New Zealand (2011)



Salvage Subsea: Cargo Recovery and parallels with Decommissioning and Emergency Subsea Response



AVAILABLE SECTION OF "NIAGARA" SHOWING HULL'S ROYS
(From Photo made by Chief Oscar Jundtman)



PHOTO BY THE SHIP'S PHOTOGRAPHER



Salvage of the Niagara's Gold, by Captain John Williams of United Salvage Pty. Ltd. (1941/42). Method remained unchanged until early 1980's.

Tripling the World Depth Record (1993)



Last lifting that we did using steel wire rope as the flexible tension member!

Copper Cathodes being landed on deck from the François Vieljeux, a wreck lying in 1250 metres of water, 45 miles south-west of Cape Finesterre (rough environmental exposure) using Deep Tek designed handling equipment with one single hoist umbilical (power, signals and lifting).

deep
tek

3000 metres water depth 2002

LIFT, POWER & CONSTANT SIGNALS SUPPLIED TO 3000M, USING A DP1, VOO. ONLY POSSIBLE DUE TO PRINCIPLES-BASED INNOVATION AND THE WINDER SYSTEMS' MINIMAL WEIGHT & FOOTPRINT.



ss Persia

We had to make the change to synthetic filament rope and vessel of opportunity, if we wished to continue our specialist discipline of cargo recovery. All work was carried out on 'No Cure/No Pay'!

deep
tek

Technology Transfer to Light Well Intervention

Expro AX-S System: 85t/500kW/3000m

As main contractor Deep Tek delivered:

- Soft Rope Winch
- Winder
- Tower
- Skid system

In addition to the delivery of hardware, Deep Tek entered into a licence fee contract with Expro AX-S for 1M\$/year for use of the Winder.



More about People themselves, than
the Technology they help create...



The 'Elephant in the Room'? – the Implementation of Innovation

IF YOU BREAK THE LAW OF GRAVITY THE PENALTY IS HANGING



*Great Lies to Tell Small
Kids, by Andy Riley*

The Laws of Physics are the only laws we CANNOT break!

All other laws are codes of conduct that we make up for ourselves and can transgress and/or question, as long as we are prepared to pay the consequences.

As far as profiting from the benefits of new technology is concerned - innovating to a standard is a mutually exclusive proposition - but how do we implement change in the ultra conservative oil & gas sector?



DNV GL ST E407

principles-based standard

DNV-GL

STANDARD

DNVGL-ST-E407 Edition March 2018

Rope based deployment and recovery systems for designated service

requirements validation

1.5.2 Existing requirements

- 1.5.2.1 The standard defines the minimum requirements for rope based deployment and recovery systems for designated service, and the associated aspects of safety, sea-transportability, and the ability to adapt to a range of different service conditions.
- 1.5.2.2 The minimum requirements for rope based deployment and recovery systems for designated service are defined in Table 1.

1.5.4 Technology assurance

- 1.5.4.1 The technology assurance (TA) is the process of ensuring that the technology used in the design and construction of the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.
- 1.5.4.2 The validation of requirements (developed in technology guidelines) with validation of requirements that meet the minimum requirements (Figure 1).

Figure 1 Flowchart illustrating the relationship between DNV-GL requirements, requirements validation, DNV-GL technology qualification, and validation of requirements for delivery and systems operations.

1.5.5 Validated requirements

- 1.5.5.1 The validated requirements (VR) are the requirements that have been validated against the DNV-GL requirements and the DNV-GL technology qualification.

claim/argument/evidence

APPENDIX B ARGUMENTATION IN QUALIFICATION STRATEGY

B.1 Establishing an Assurance Case

B.1.1 General

- B.1.1.1 The assurance case is the set of arguments that justify the claim that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.
- B.1.1.2 The assurance case is the set of arguments that justify the claim that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

Figure 2 The structure of an assurance case.

B.2 Qualification strategy

B.2.1 General

- B.2.1.1 The qualification strategy is the process of ensuring that the technology used in the design and construction of the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

assuring reliability in service

SECTION 4 INTRODUCTION

4.1 Objective

- 4.1.1 The objective of this section is to provide guidance on how to ensure that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.
- 4.1.2 The objective of this section is to provide guidance on how to ensure that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

Figure 3 Process of assuring reliability in service, from design to operation.

role responsibilities

Figure 4 Flowchart illustrating the roles and responsibilities of various stakeholders in the design and construction of rope based deployment and recovery systems.

technology composition analysis

1.1.2 Technology composition

- 1.1.2.1 The technology composition analysis is the process of identifying the components of the system and their relationships.

Figure 5 Diagram illustrating the technology composition analysis, showing the overall system and its components.

acceptance criteria and limitation

SECTION 3 DESIGNATED SERVICE

3.1 Documentation requirements

3.1.1 General

- 3.1.1.1 The documentation requirements are the set of documents that must be provided to demonstrate that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

3.1.2 Acceptance of the system

- 3.1.2.1 The acceptance of the system is the process of ensuring that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

3.1.3 System operation

- 3.1.3.1 The system operation is the process of ensuring that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

3.1.4 System condition management

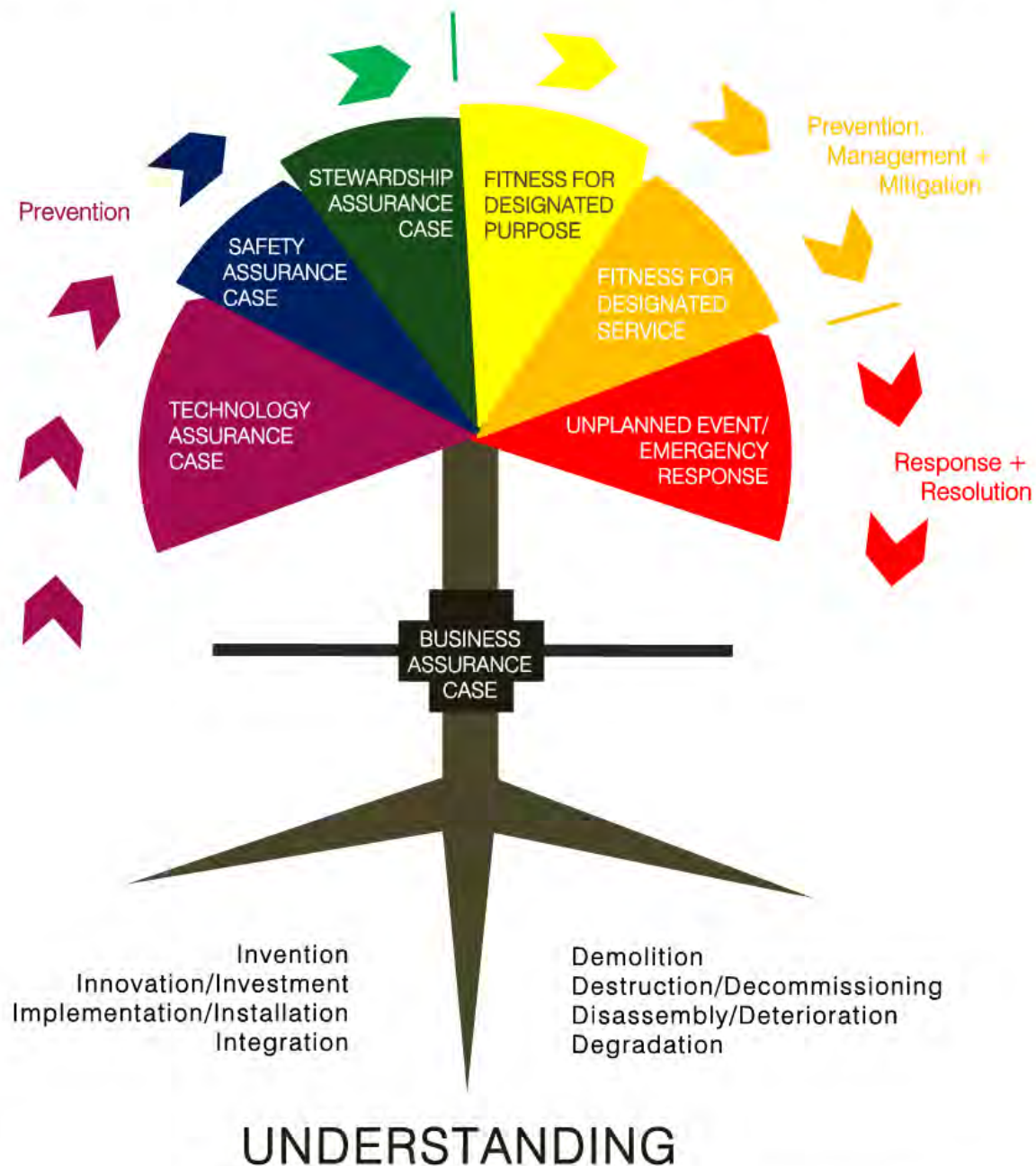
- 3.1.4.1 The system condition management is the process of ensuring that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

critical parameters

4.2 Critical parameters

- 4.2.1 The critical parameters are the set of parameters that must be controlled to ensure that the system meets the requirements for safety and serviceability.

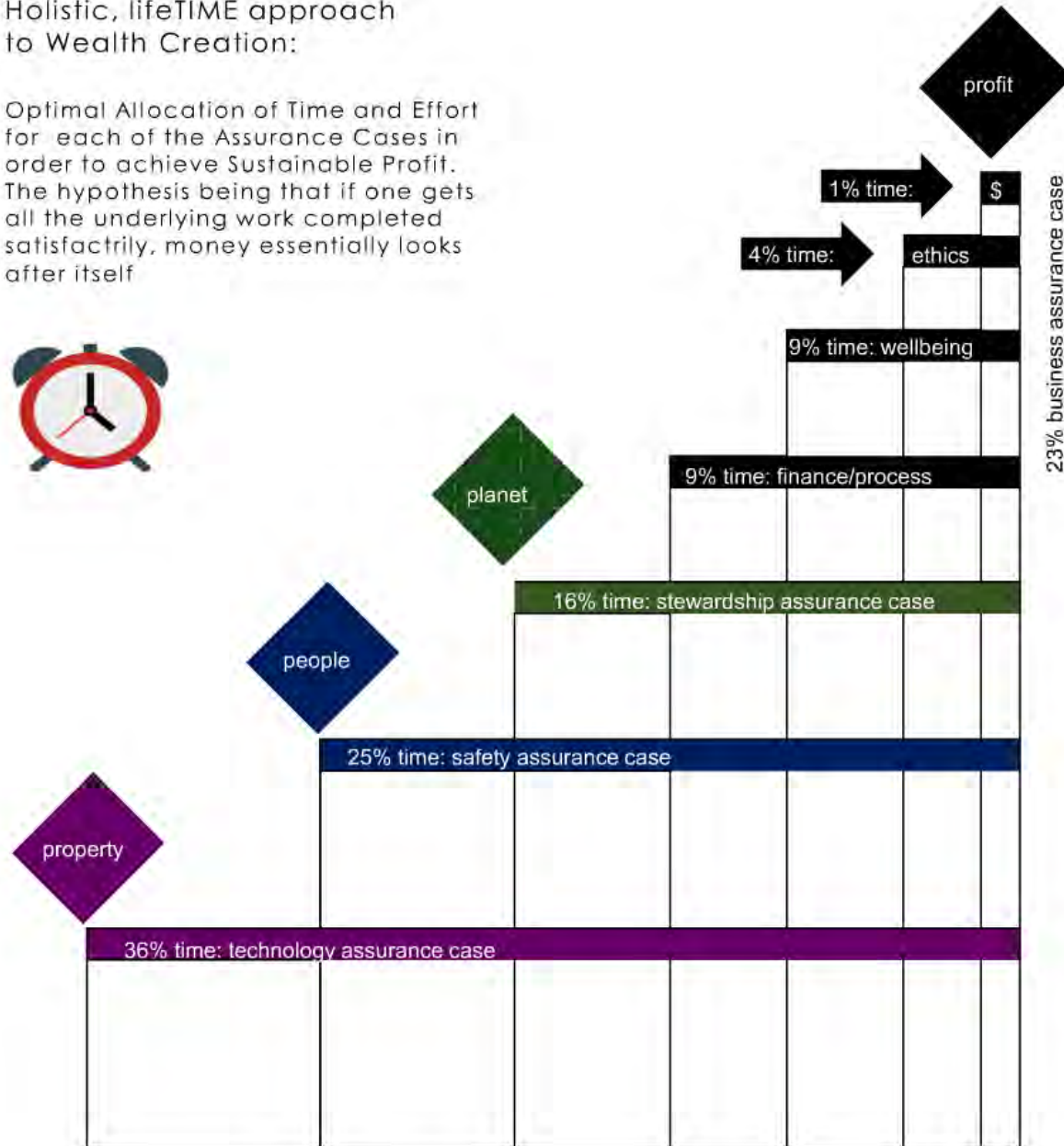
Sustainability Tree - a Holistic. lifeTIME Approach



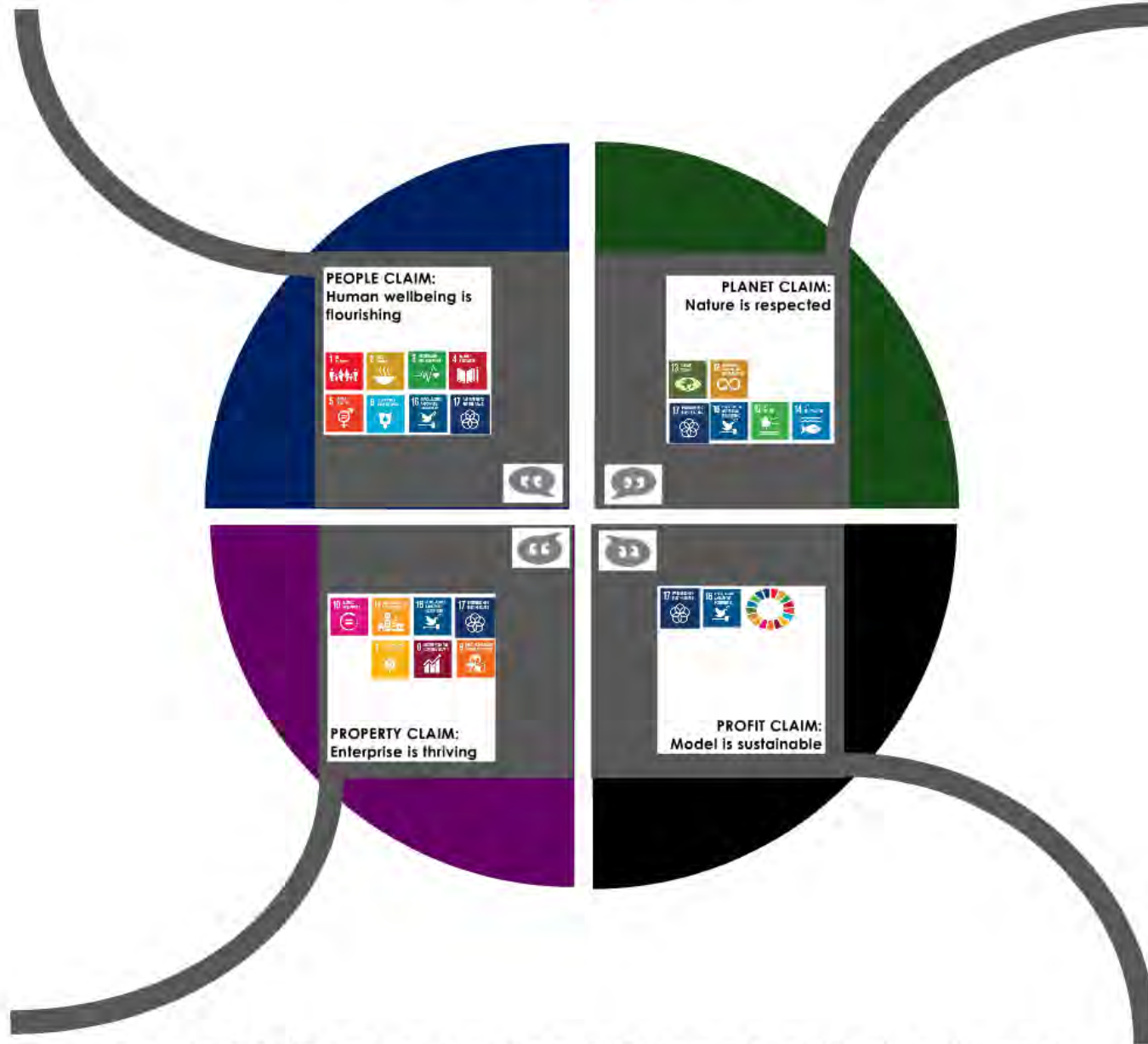
Sustainable Wealth Creation and 3p/pt

Holistic, lifeTIME approach to Wealth Creation:

Optimal Allocation of Time and Effort for each of the Assurance Cases in order to achieve Sustainable Profit. The hypothesis being that if one gets all the underlying work completed satisfactorily, money essentially looks after itself



United Nations Sustainability Goals embedded in each of the Assurance Cases



Goals 16 (Peace, Justice & Strong Institutions) and 17 (Partnerships) appear in all 4 Assurance Cases

Argument Patterns Emerge for each of the Assurance Cases



A Google-Map-like framework becomes apparent - we can zoom in and out from the big picture to the detail

Innovation: Patterns of Argument shown as Fractals



A fractal is a never ending pattern that repeats itself at difference scales.

A key benefits of using showing Patterns of Argument as fractals (as opposed to using a more random systems such as KOAS or Goal Structured Notation, is that even non-expert can tell when a CLAIM/ARGUMENT/EVIDENCE element is missing.



Communication Issues



|

Innovation is not an isolated activity, it is a way of thinking; one that is not common to all - be prepared for some blank stares!

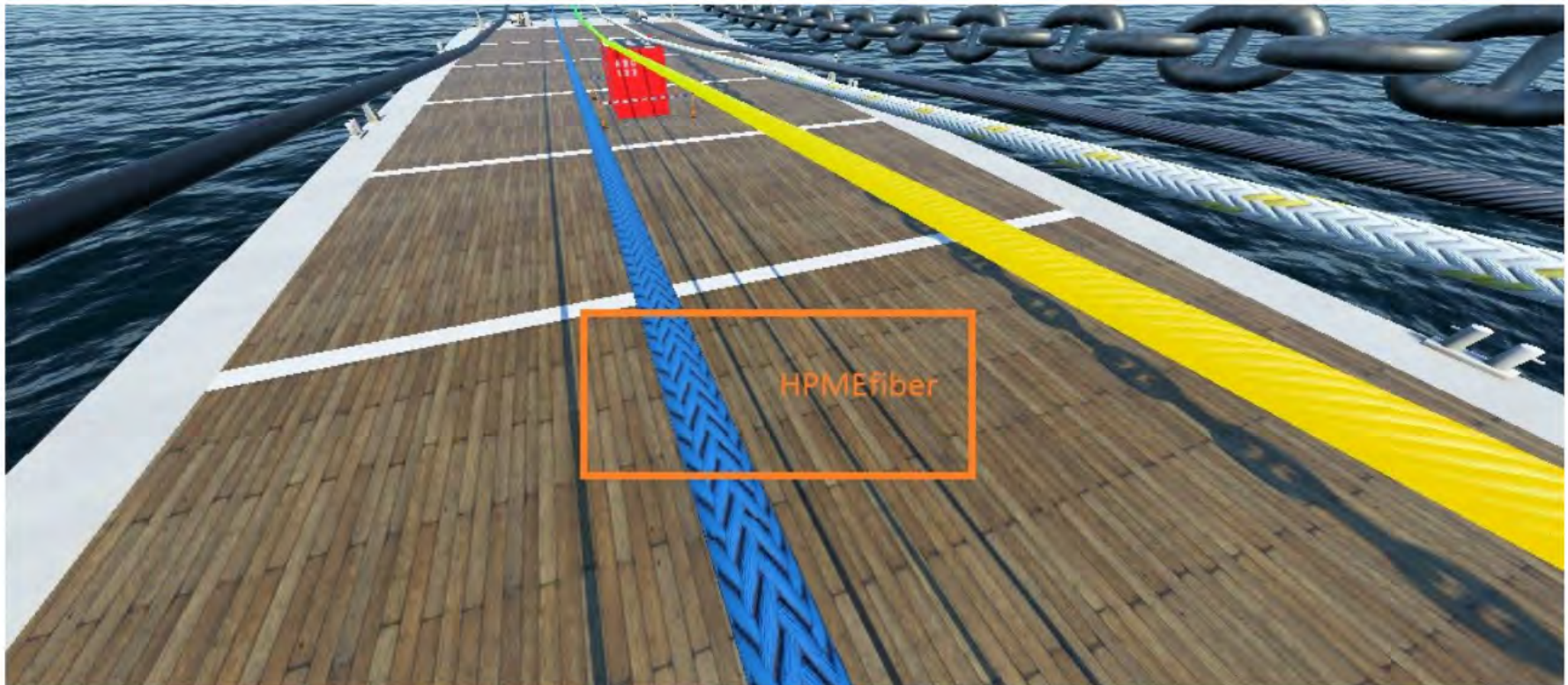
Benefit of Simulation for Virtual Prototyping



OSC Simulator at Aalesund, Norway (provides software for Farstad Simulator in Perth)

This highlights the first of many benefits of Simulation in the Innovation Process. Firstly, it is a most effective form of communication; just like Google Maps, it transports the individual regardless of technical discipline, and importantly, it empowers the practical person, who will be implementing and/or operating the technology.

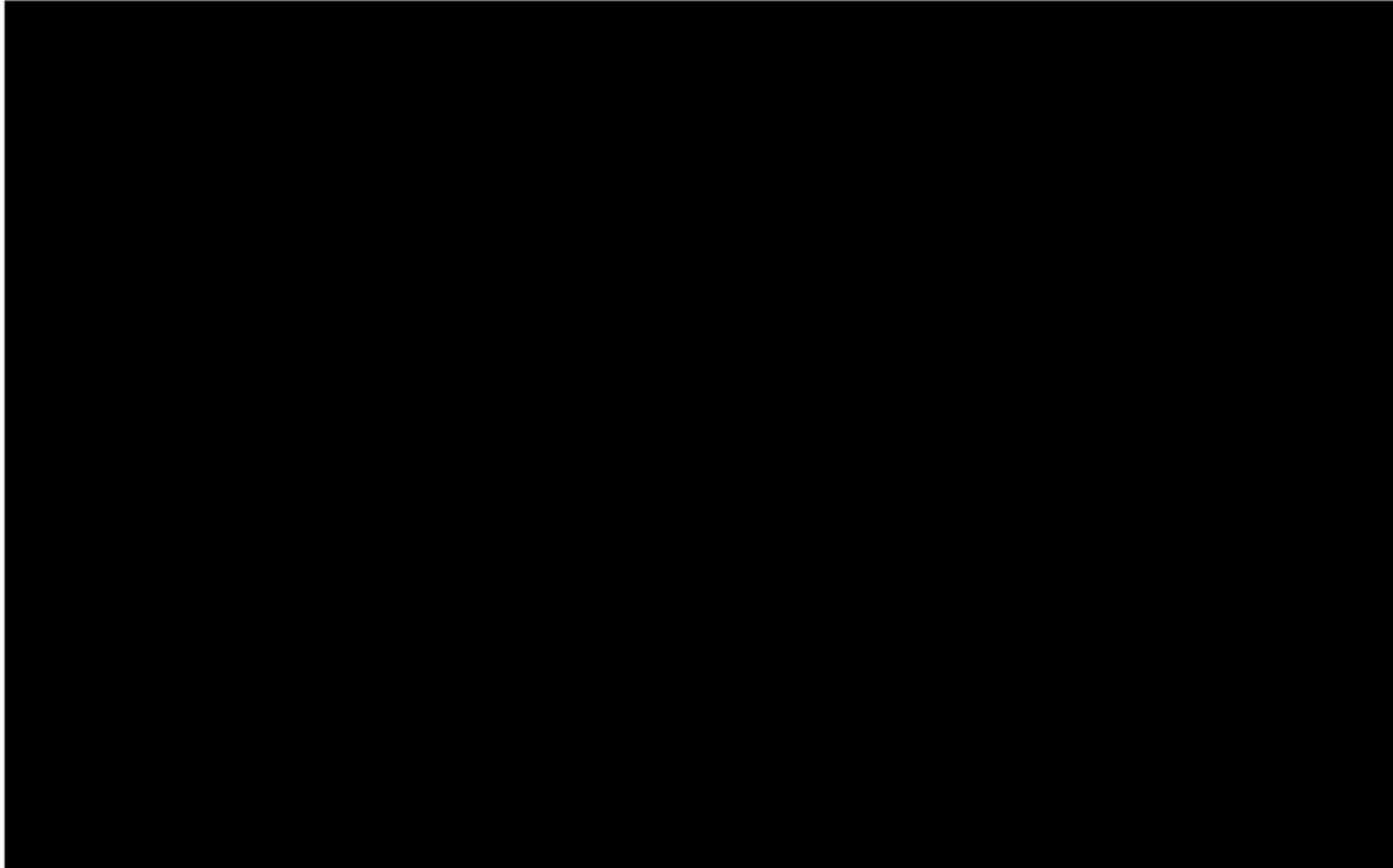
Principles-Based Physics Engine



Even better - is not just 'visualisation', it provides quantifiable data, using a principles based physics engine, so that rapid prototyping can be undertaken, that builds in the effect of wind, wave and current, without having to go to sea. This is a liberation.

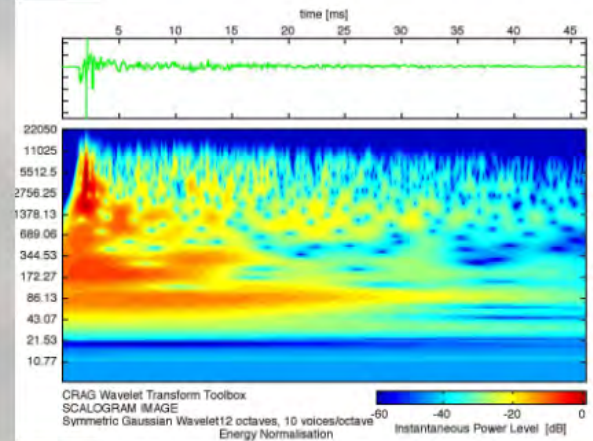
The above image shows various 'flexible tension members', all of which will perform the function, 'position mass'.

Demonstrating HMPE in a Knuckle Boom Crane



Data logged in each one metre section of rope at one second intervals. Possible to prove that the dynamic forces on the crane is the limiting factor in use - not fatigue endurance of the rope. This UNDERSTANDING drives the engineering design and cuts the Technology Qualification costs - as unnecessary testing is removed.

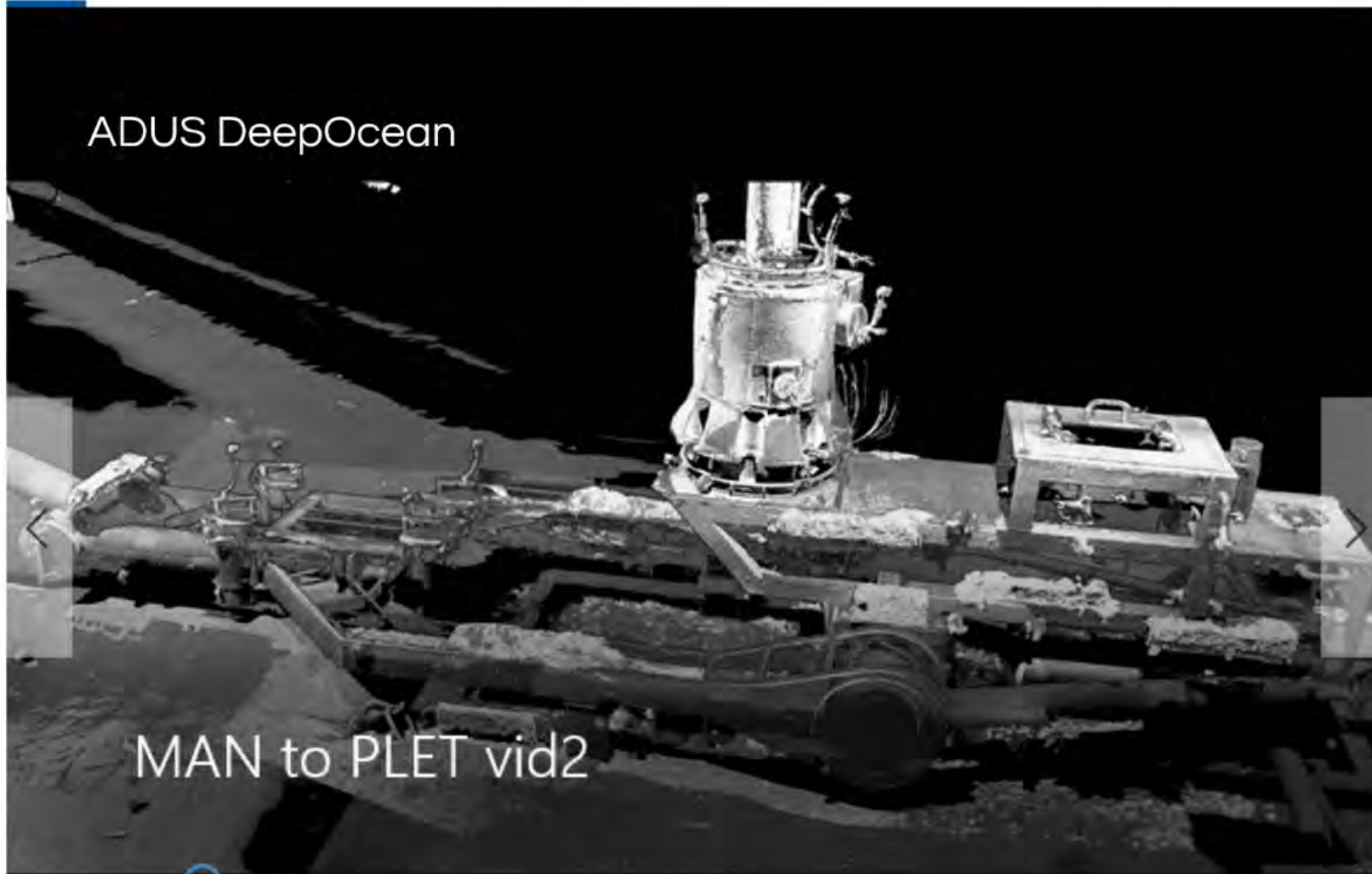
Active Hybrid Position-Keeping



Underwater noise of thrusters will be added to the simulation

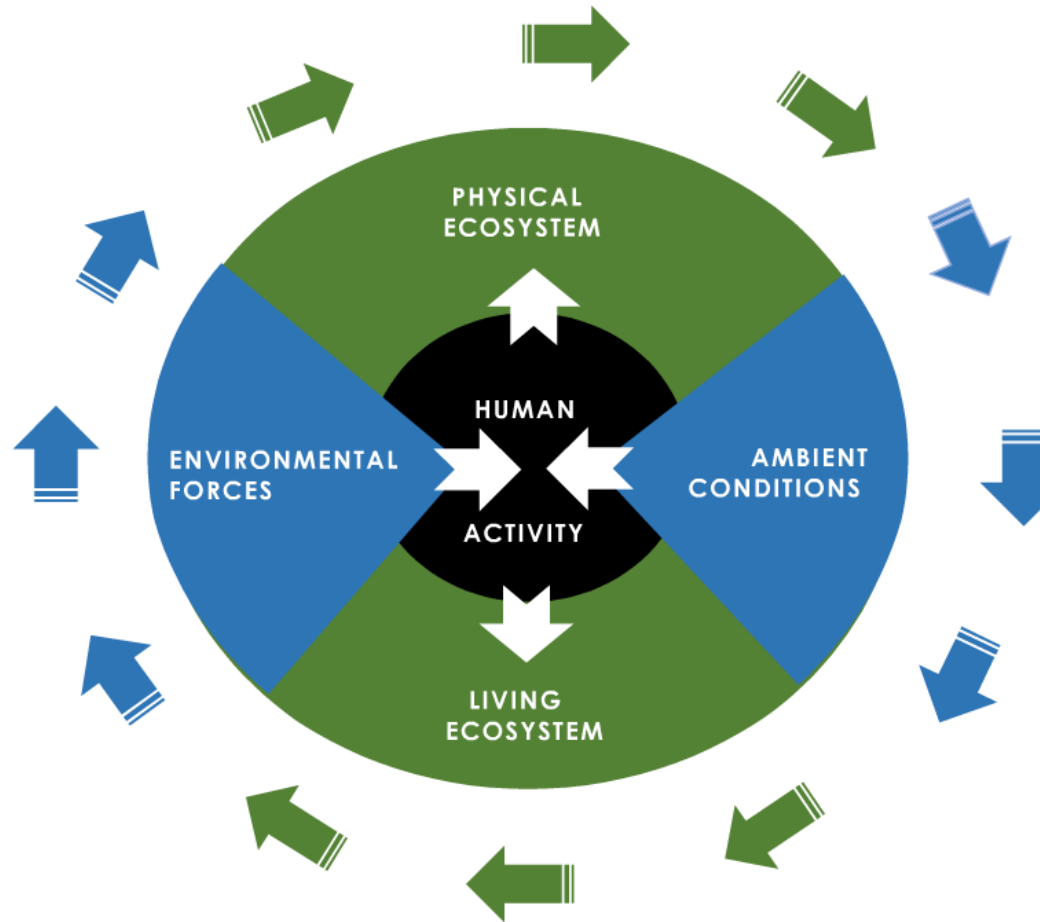
Aim to substantially reduce running cost, and CO2 and noise emission

Importing 3D Data



High quality, spatially accurate, dynamically acquired 3D data is also being introduced, in order to extend the simulation subsea, and feed into simplified design, decommissioning in design, and planning for decommissioning (amongst other initiatives). The plan is that hyper-spectral camera images will also be introduced.

Interaction between Environmental Forces, Ambient Conditions, Ecosystems and Human Activity -



Then engineers, scientists and other interested parties will really begin to be able to share the same dynamic picture of the complex interactions at play.

Framework for Data (as the IT Platform for Remote Command and Control)



800 lb Gorilla



So - is it possible for individual and SMEs to have commerce with, innovate and implement new methods and technology into the global oil and gas sector?

Not without an improved framework for conducting business, and an increase in the speed and ease with which new methods and technology can be implemented.

Mutual Contractual Agreements

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BIMCO **ISU** **WRECKSTAGE 2010**
INTERNATIONAL WRECK REMOVAL AND MARINE SERVICES AGREEMENT (LUMP SUM - STAGE PAYMENTS)

PART I

1. Place and Date of Agreement

2. Contract/Place of Business (C/L) 3. Company/Place of Business (C/L)

4. Vessel/Specification (C/L & S)

(i) Name (ii) Flag
 (iii) IMO Number (iv) Place of Registry
 (v) Length/Beam/Depth (vi) Maximum Draft
 (vii) GROSS TONNAGE (viii) Discharge/Minimum Tonnage
 (ix) P&I Club/Member (x) Any other details relevant to this Agreement

5. Condition of Vessel (C/L & S) 6. Position of Vessel and Solution of Wreck (C/L & S)

7. Nature of Services (C/L & S) 8. Payment/Delivery and/or Deposit of Vessel (C/L & S)

(i) Nature of services
 (ii) Compliance with rules of applicable authorities (to be obtained/confirmed)

9. Payment (C/L & S) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

(i) Lump sum (ii) Stage and install (iii) Amount due and payable on signing this Agreement (iv) Anticipate and payable on
 (v) Amount due and payable on (vi) Amount due and payable on
 (vii) Amount due and payable on (viii) Amount due and payable on

10. Payment Details (C/L & S)

(i) Currency (ii) Address
 (iii) Bank (iv) Account Number (v) Account Name



Mutual Contractual Agreements are in alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals

Much of the answer lies in simple, mutually beneficial contractual agreements, that fairly balance risk and reward, such as the BIMCO Agreements:

- ~ there is work in progress for a BIMCO Dismantling Agreement for the removal of man-made structures. This needs the input of progressive oil and gas operators. Perhaps one good candidate would be Woodside? Another perhaps is Statoil?
- The first pass of an Technology Innovation and Implementation Agreement based on Wreckstage 2010 has also been drafted, and this will be steered through the SUT, Salvage & Decommissioning Committee.

SUT/MASTS Workshop Agenda



Technology & Innovation Centre, Glasgow
20th (pm) & 21st (am) October 2018

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MASTS Oil and Gas Forum

Decommissioning & Wreck Removal:
Influence, educate and un-lock potential - Bringing industry and science together

Focus to date has been on North East Atlantic and North Sea as regional seas, with increasing engagement with Gulf of Mexico.

THURSDAY, 20th - 13:30-17:30	
	OPEN Welcome: Karen Seath , General Manager Decom North Sea / Co-chair SUT Decom & Wreck Removal Workgroup Setting the Scene: Moya Crawford , Chair, SUT International Salvage & Decommissioning Committee Chair: Ben Browne , Partner, Thomas Cooper LLP
	SESSION ONE 13:30 Jim Christie , Oil & Gas Authority: Defining decommissioning delivery Ben Browne , Thomas Cooper LLP: Understanding wreck removal contracts Mike Elliott , University of Hull: The repercussions of marine structure decommissioning in integrated governance Collin Howes , DHV CL: Effective management of hazards through process and efficient marine governance Tina Hunter , University of Aberdeen: Decommissioning governance in emerging environmentally challenging jurisdictions
	COFFEE & NETWORKING 15:30
	SESSION TWO 15:30 Chair: Mike Elliott , Director, Institute of Estuarine & Coastal Studies, University of Hull Tom Baxter , Oil & Gas Consultant: Decommissioning - The sustainability challenge Elisabeth Wilson , Trine Consultants: Seasteading as a concept for reuse Cheryl Robb , Zero Waste Scotland: The benefits of a Circular Economy approach during decommissioning Alistair Nieuwenhuyse , Reflex Subsea: Why chop it up when we can reuse it
	CLOSE 17:30 Speaker and Delegate Q&A/ Open Discussion Chairman's Closing Remarks: Mike Elliott Networking drinks reception
	FRIDAY, 21st - 08:45-12:45
	OPEN Welcome: Dan Orr , Decommissioning Assurance Manager, BP GPO/ Co-Chair SUT Decom & Wreck Removal Workgroup Chair: Don Orr (as above)
	SESSION THREE 08:45 Alan Edwards , Bobby Offshore: Subsea decommissioning - Challenges and learnings Stuart Martin , Arden Global: A salvors approach to decom John Gillies , Shell: Brent Delta Gravity base cell survey and remediation Michael Kardve , SSE-AB: Decommissioning of YTTRE STENGRUND, one of the first Offshore Wind Farms Speaker and Delegate Q&A/ Open Discussion
	COFFEE & NETWORKING 10:30
	SESSION FOUR 10:30 Chair: David Paterson , Executive Director, Marine Alliance for Science and Technology for Scotland (MASTS) Sally Rolan , SAMS Marine Scotland: In-line decommissioning: Generating an evidence base for comparative assessments Leslie Dunn , Marathon Oil: Practical application of NEBA in the decommissioning world Andrew Guerin , University of Newcastle: Utility and limitations of structural survey footage for evaluating marine assemblages on offshore structures Ahiodun Akinyemi , Heriot Watt University: Data integration support for offshore decom waste management Flash presentations: Roxana Suhring , Cefas: A standardised approach to undertaking environmental risk based assessments of shipwrecks Kate Gormley , University of Aberdeen: Automated ROV analysis of marine growth footage Speaker and Delegate Q&A/ Open Discussion Chairman's Closing Remarks: David Paterson
	CLOSE 12:45 Lunch is available



Question - is there a desire for beginning interaction in Australia and if so, how might this be best achieved?